

CURRENT PROJECTS

INTEGRATED PROGRAM FOR DADAAB CAMP REFUGEES AND HOST COMMUNITY

AUGUST 2015-AUGUST 2016

Location: Dadaab Refugee Camp

This project is intended to improve access to basic human needs such as health care, education, clean water and increased hygiene and sanitation standards for the Dadaab refugee camp and nearby host community.

SUMMARY

WATER AND SANITATION:

- Drilling of two boreholes (deep wells) 200-250 meters deep.
- Procurement of borehole accessories (submersible pump, control panel, change over switch, power cable etc.).
- Construction of two water storage tanks.
- Construction of four water kiosks for the new borehole sites.
- Construction of two animal troughs.
- Construction of one pump house.
- Pipeline extension 2,500 meters.
- Training for water management committee members.
- Borehole equipping and reticulation system.
- Purchase of 2 generators.

HEALTH AND NUTRITION:

- Recruitment/retraining of Maternal Infant & Young Child Nutrition counsellors.
- Infant & Young Child Feeding Emergency training.
- Renovation/rehabilitation of nutrition sites.
- Capacity building on Emergency Obstetric & Newborn Care.
- Community dialogue and camp-based focus group discussion.
- Recruiting and retraining community health workers.
- Maintenance of health posts.
- Renovation of main hospital.
- Pharmaceutical supplies.
- Laboratory and diagnostic capability enhanced (malaria, cholera, syphilis, etc).

EDUCATION:

- Recruitment of qualified teachers.
- Rehabilitation/renovation of classrooms.
- Renovation of school latrines in the 18 primary schools.
- · Procurement of teaching materials and supplies.
- Procurement of Special Needs Education assistive/compensatory devices.
- Community awareness and sensitization campaigns and advocacy.
- School administration supplies.

BENEFICIARIES

This project is expected to help 100,000 people.

RAMADAN FOOD DISTRIBUTION

ANNUAL PROJECT Location: Various

SUMMARY

This project provides staple food packages to needy families during Ramadan.

BENEFICIARIES

7,212 people benefited from this project in Kenya in 2015.

QURBANI MEAT DISTRIBUTION

ANNUAL PROJECT Location: Various

SUMMARY

This project provides Qurbani/Udhiyah meat to widows, orphans, refugees, people affected by disaster and the general poor population for Eid al-Adha.

BENEFICIARIES

8,300 people benefited from this project in Kenya in 2015.

ORPHAN SPONSORSHIP

ONGOING

Location: Various

SUMMARY

Sponsors help guardians provide necessities for orphans, such as food, clothing, shelter and education. This alleviates poverty and provides a chance for a better future.

COMPLETED PROJECTS

ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOOD TO PASTORALISTS AFFECTED BY CLIMATE CHANGE

DECEMBER 2012-JANUARY 2015

Location: Mandera, Wajir and Garissa

This project aimed to improve community resilience, preparedness and food security, and to empower refugees and vulnerable farmers.

SUMMARY

- Improve livelihoods with increased food and fodder production, through irrigated agriculture and kitchen gardening.
- Improve household incomes through cash for work opportunities
- Improve business through disbursement of loans, and business skill development for small-scale traders.
- Improve animal health via a deworming and mass vaccination campaign and through provision of multi-vitamins.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 10 farmers' groups were mobilized, registered, trained, and supported for irrigated farming.
- 900 farmers were trained on good agronomic practices, and received drought-tolerant seeds and fuel subsidies to increase their food and fodder production. Improved yields for all 900 farmers, with surplus sold at market. 72,000 liters of diesel were distributed.
- 3 outreach action plans developed and implemented and 3 field visits conducted for surveillance.
- 399,652 animals from 4,735 households were vaccinated and treated with de-wormers/multi-vitamins.
- District Veterinary Officers in 7 sub-counties benefited from the support to conduct 7 animal mass vaccination campaigns/sessions, de-worming and treatment cycles which benefited 408,888 livestock.
- 8,927 poor pastoralist households directly benefited from livestock health services by their livestock being treated, de-wormed or vaccinated. There was reported increase in livestock production and reproduction in milk, meat, quality skin and hides and calving rate as a result of improved health status.
- 12 womens' groups were mobilized, registered and trained for micro-credit support. Training sessions benefited 180 women, youth and vulnerable men, and focused on business management, leadership skills, record-keeping, wealth creation skills for micro-enterprise development, and market linkages. 180 individual accounts (145 women, 35 men) were opened and were given interest-free micro-credit loan (\$400 each).
- 1,400 households earned income through cash-for-work opportunities that helped repair community infrastructure.
- 7 committees were established to manage disasters and 40 community members in each of these committees were trained in disaster risk reduction.
- Approximately 80% of farmers got their produce harvested without problems; household food security improved
 and they were able to sell the surplus crops. 17% of farmers had reduced harvests due to conflicts and drought.
 3% of farmers adopted poor farming practices and food production not realized potentially as expected. Majority
 of farmers testify that yields and harvest are high as compared to earlier seasons.

BENEFICIARIES

This project helped 62,115 people.

INTEGRATED HEALTH & NUTRITION PROGRAM TO SUPPORT REFUGEES IN DADAAB CAMPS

FEBRUARY 2014-JANUARY 2015

This project aims to integrate health, nutrition, education, and water/sanitation/hygiene interventions for refugees in the Dadaab refugee camps.

ACHIEVEMENTS

HEALTH CARE:

- 10 patients each month were referred to secondary and tertiary care facilities.
- 100% of drugs needed were procured, with cold rooms in Dadaab main office and hospital maintained and repaired for storage.
- Mass screenings for malnutrition were conducted through the mass national supplementation campaign "Malezi Bora," benefiting 25,923 children, mostly under the age of 5.
- Equipment for laboratory and diagnostic capability was enhanced, allowing for timely and accurate diagnosis of diseases and improvement in health services to refugees. This mainly supported the main hospital within Dadaab refugee camp. The hospital serves and average of 100,000 persons per year.
- Two health posts were fenced for protection and are being maintained. These health posts serve an average of 50,000 people each year in the Dadaab refugee camps.
- Under the polio immunization campaign, 25,719 children under 5 were immunized.
- Repair of cold rooms initiated for health facilities to properly store vaccines for use by IR and other organizations in Dadaab.

TRAINING:

- Three trainings were conducted in collaboration with Ministry of Health for local and refugee health workers on health facility management, maternal infant and young child nutrition (MIYCN), and Integrated Management of Acute Malnutrition (IMAM), Maternal Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF), Basic Life Support (BLS), Advanced Trauma Life Support ATLS, Essential Obstetric Care & Newborn Care (EmONC) and Focus Antenatal Care (FANC), based on research that malnutrition is responsible for 50% of yearly deaths for children under 5.
- 132 community members were trained on community health strategy, to help them in scaling up health initiatives through disease prevention and health promotion.
- In the training on health facility management, a total of 140 (20 community health committees, 110 community leaders and 10 religious leaders) members were trained, including 124 male and 16 female participants from the refugee community.

WATER/SANITATION/HYGIENE:

- 15 members to participate in Water Management Committees were identified and trained, including 5 women.
- 2 new 200-meter-deep boreholes were drilled in 2 villages (Boransis & Murothiley), in consultation with host community. Boransis borehole benefits 2,100 people and Murothiley borehole benefits 1,500 people. Water samples were collected and tested for safety. Environmental Impact Assessment completed to be in compliance with government legal regulations.
- 3 existing boreholes were rehabilitated in the host community, benefiting 4,500 people, each will be fenced and provided with 2 working generators for uninterrupted water supply.
- 4 new water points establised at 4 schools in the host community, connecting the communities and schools with water supplies.
- Construction of 8 water kiosks for the new borehole sites total of 8 water distribution structures were developed (4 water Kiosks and 4 animal water troughs) in Boransis and in Morothiley, the newly developed borehole sites.

EDUCATION/PROTECTION

• 180 student leaders from 18 primary school clubs trained on leadership and governance, child rights, child protection, student learning opportunities, group dynamics, team building in schools, and hygiene & sanitation. 5 schools were fenced for protection - 1 from the host community and 4 in the refugee camp.

BENEFICIARIES

STRENGTHENING HEALTH SYSTEMS TO IMPROVE MATERNAL, NEONATAL AND CHILD HEALTH

NOVEMBER 2013-SEPTEMBER 2014

This project aims to improve health and socio-economic status of communities in Mandera and Wajir through reduction in mortality and morbidity in mothers and children under 5.

SUMMARY

- Increase utilization of community-based health services for mothers, newborns and children under 5.
- Increase utilization of facility-based health services for mothers, newborns and children under 5.
- Build the capacity of health workers to deliver sustainable health care interventions.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- 4,367 children under 5 were treated—1,376 for pneumonia, 2,081 for diarrhea and 2,231 for malaria.
- 100 workers were trained in prenatal care, pregnancy danger signs, and key preventive maternal, newborn and under-5 health.
- 11,346 children under 5 with moderate to severe acute malnutrition were admitted for treatment.
- 435 health management team and facility management committee members were reached during social mobilization on project activities.
- 4,068 people received health messages on maternal, neonatal, child health.
- 31,806 children under 5 were treated or received preventive services at the seven targeted health facilities, Preventive (5,464 fully Immunized, 6,997 given vitamin A and 1,753 dewormed), Curative 20,584 (10,067 men, 10,517 women treated for common ailments). A total of 15,549 women accessed reproductive health services at the health facilities. Community referral system strengthened with incentives of Ksh 200 for TBAs for every referral done by TBAs resulting in skilled hospital delivery and fueling of ambulance for 116 obstetric emergency referrals. In close consultation with both Sub-County and County Health Management Teams, essential obstetric equipment and supplies lists developed and procured for 3 district hospitals and 10 health centers in Mandera and Wajir counties.
- A total of 169 individuals at 8 community-level institutions were sensitized on maternal, neonatal and child health
 advocacy initiatives to increase demand for related health services in Mandera and Wajir counties. A total of 108
 (82 male, 26 female) religious leaders, community elders, chiefs and community opinion leaders were sensitized
 on these health services services during advocacy sessions to be powerful agents of social change and be able to
 shift their community's opinions in support of family planning and reproductive health issues.
- 30 staff members enhanced their skills in obstetrics and neonatal emergencies through training. 7 sets of 218 copies of materials with preventative messages were distributed to health facilities and community workers in Wajir and Mandera counties. 51 Ministry of Health staff members were trained on health information systems and records in Wajir and Mandera counties, leading to improved facility monthly reporting and quality of data.

BENEFICIARIES

75,057 people have been helped.

INTEGRATED EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO COMMUNITIES AFFECTED BY DROUGHT IN NORTHERN KENYA

AUGUST 2011-MARCH 2012

This project aims to respond to the immediate needs of the drought-affected people in northeastern Kenya and improve their resilience to cope with future humanitarian needs.

SUMMARY

- Ensure a consistency of service in basic curative and preventative health services to complement existing nutrition programs
- Immediate and timely support provided to pastoralists and refugees by maintaining/expanding access to lifesaving water and appropriate hygiene and sanitation practices in all target districts
- Improved food security for the target communities exposed to the impact of climate change in the target areas.

ACHIEVEMENTS

- Essential medicines provided to 20 health facilities in Mandera & Wajir districts based on need.
- Distributed 1-month emergency food packs to 5,400 beneficiaries, specifically targeting those already in Supplementary Feeding Programs to address malnutrition.
- Water trucking in Mandera & Wajir districts benefited 43,272 individuals with 8 liters of water/day 11,250 in Wajir & 32,022 in Mandera.
- 3 deep wells were repaired in Wajir & Mandera, and benefited 8,200 total individuals 2,500 in Wajir & 5,700 in Mandera.
- 900 individuals in Wajir & Mandera received water purifiers and hygiene awareness sessions to promote better hygiene & sanitation 540 in Wajir & 360 in Mandera.
- Animal destocking and meat distribution was done in coordination with government ministries. 800 farmers benefited from destocking and 9,600 individuals benefited from meat distributions.
- Government health workers were supported in giving 800 animals vaccinations in the Mandera district.
- 900 farmers along the River Daua Belt in the Mandera district each received maize seed and Sudan grass seed, as well as diesel fuel, to support irrigation farming.

BENEFICIARIES

This project helped 69,072 people.















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